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SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)**B.Tech III Year I Semester Regular Examinations March-2023****TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING**

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

(Answer all Five Units 5 x 12 = 60 Marks)

UNIT-I

- 1 a Explain any four highway cross-sectional elements. CO1 L1 6M
b Derive an expression for extra widening in a horizontal curve. CO1 L2 6M

OR

- 2 A valley curve is formed by a descending gradient of 1 in 40 meeting with an ascending gradient of 1 in 30. Design the length of valley curve for a design speed of 120 kmph so as to fulfill both comfort conditions and head light sight distance requirements. Assume rate of change of change of centrifugal acceleration as 0.6 m/sec^3 , reaction time 1.5 sec and coefficient of friction 0.30. CO1 L3 12M

UNIT-II

- 3 The results of a speed study are given in the form of a frequency distribution table. Find the time mean speed and space mean speed. CO2 L3 12M

No.	Speed range	Average speed (V_i)	Frequency(q_i)
1	2-5	3.5	1
2	6-9	7.5	4
3	10-13	11.5	0
4	14-17	15.5	7

OR

- 4 a Explain about the various types of on-street parking patterns possible. CO2 L1 6M
b What are the different types of off-street parking facilities that can be provided in a given area? CO2 L1 6M

UNIT-III

- 5 Draw a sketch of flexible pavement cross section and show the component parts. Enumerate the Functions and importance of each component of the pavement. CO3 L2 12M

OR

- 6 A cement concrete pavement has a thickness of 25 cm and lane width of 2.5 m. Design the tie bars Along the longitudinal joints using the data given below: CO4 L3 12M
Allowable working stress in steel tie bars, $S_s = 1050 \text{ kg/cm}^2$
Unit weight of CC, $W = 2400 \text{ kg/cm}^3$
Maximum value of friction coefficient, $f = 1.2$
Allowable tensile stress in deformed tie bar, $S_s = 2000 \text{ kg/cm}^2$
Allowable bond stress in deformed bars, $S_b = 24.6 \text{ kg/cm}^2$

UNIT-IV

- 7 a Discuss briefly about the functions of different components of permanent way. CO5 L2 6M
 b What are the advantages and disadvantages of steel sleepers? CO5 L1 6M

OR

- 8 a Define creep in the rails. Explain various causes of creep. CO5 L2 6M
 b What are the requirements of good ballast? CO5 L1 6M

UNIT-V

- 9 a Define grade compensation? If the ruling gradient is 1 in 120 on a particular section of MG and at the same time a 2.6 degree curve is situated on this ruling gradient, find out the allowable ruling gradient. CO6 L2 6M
 b Discuss briefly the purpose for which railway stations are provided. CO6 L2 6M

OR

- 10 a Draw a neat sketch of Left hand turnout and show various parts of turnout. CO6 L2 6M
 b Explain the classification of gradient in railways. CO6 L2 6M

*** END ***

UNIT-II

Speed (km/h)	Grade (%)	Curve radius (m)	Allowable speed (km/h)
10	1.5	1000	10
20	2.0	1500	20
30	2.5	2000	30
40	3.0	2500	40
50	3.5	3000	50
60	4.0	3500	60
70	4.5	4000	70

OR

UNIT-III